# Your new well: the first year

A private well is yours to look after. No agency tests it for you. These steps keep your water safe to drink.

## 1. Test your water

- In Georgia, a new private well must pass a bacteria test by an approved lab before the well gets final approval. Where a county or city has its own health code, that code sets the rules instead. Ask for a copy of the results and keep it with your well papers.
- No federal law makes you test your own well. EPA and CDC recommend testing every year for bacteria, nitrate, pH and dissolved solids.
- Test again after a flood, after work on the well, or if the water changes in taste, color or smell.
- Use a certified lab. Most test results come back in about a week.

## 2. Find out what is in wells near you

Scan the code, or go to **yourwaterreport.com/find/**, and type your ZIP code. You will see what tests have found in wells in your county, which tests to get, and certified labs near you.

Every number names its public source. The site is free.

## 3. Take care of your well

- Keep the well cap tight and above the ground. Never bury it or pile soil or snow against it.
- Keep fertilizer, weed killer, fuel, oil and paint away from the well.
- Have your septic system checked and pumped on schedule, often every 3 to 5 years.
- Hire a licensed well driller or pump installer for repairs.

**Your well was drilled by**

Phone

Date finished

YourWaterReport is a free, independent guide for private well owners, not a government agency. It cannot tell you whether your own well is safe; only a test of your water can. Questions or corrections: hello@yourwaterreport.com.